

Lisburn & Castlereagh City Council

Section 75 Equality and Good Relations Screening template (Oct 2022)

Part 1. Information about the activity/policy/project being screened

Name of the activity/policy/project

Home Safety -Service Level Agreement and Council Contribution

Is this activity/policy/project – an existing one, a revised one, a new one?

Review of the existing SLA

What are the intended aims/outcomes the activity/policy/project is trying to achieve?

Ensuring the SLA is up to date. Increase in annual salary is required to ensure that the service keeps pace with the costs of the service.

Who is the activity/policy/project targeted at and who will benefit? Are there any expected benefits for specific Section 75 categories/groups from this activity/policy/project? If so, please explain.

The HSC scheme is targeted at the Over 65s and Under 5s and anyone deemed to be at risk.

Who initiated or developed the activity/policy/project?

PHA

Who owns and who implements the activity/policy/project?

PHA and eastern group of councils.

Are there any factors which could contribute to/detract from the intended aim/outcome of the activity/policy/project?

No

If yes, give brief details of any significant factors.

N/A

Who are the internal and external stakeholders (actual or potential) that the activity/policy/project will impact upon? Delete if not applicable

Any member of the public who is over 65, under 5 or is deemed to be vulnerable and who has requested a HSC. To ensure continuity of the HSC service the increase in costs is required to cover salary costs of the HS coordinator.

Other policies/strategies/plans with a bearing on this activity/policy/project

Name of policy/strategy/plan	Who owns or implements?
Home Accident Prevention Strategy	DOH

Available evidence

What evidence/information (qualitative and quantitative) have you gathered or considered to inform this activity/policy? Specify details for each Section 75 category.

Most up to date NISRA population data from Census 2021 (published 22/09/22)

[Lisburn and Castlereagh Census Data](#)

Section 75 Category	Details of evidence/information
Religious Belief	N/A
Political Opinion	N/A
Racial Group	N/A
Age	Lisburn and Castlereagh Data population data from Census 2021. The population at 2021 totalled 149,106: 28,331 (0-14 years) 44,731 (15-39 years) 49,205 (40-64 years) 26,839 (65+ years) The PHA Home Accident prevention strategy.
Marital Status	N/A
Sexual Orientation	N/A
Men & Women Generally	N/A
Disability	N/A
People with and without Dependants	N/A

Needs, experiences and priorities

Taking into account the information referred to above, what are the different needs, experiences and priorities of each of the following categories, in relation to the particular activity/policy/decision? Specify details for each of the Section 75 categories

Section 75 Category	Details of needs/experiences/priorities
Religious Belief	N/A
Political Opinion	N/A
Racial Group	N/A
Age	Identified increased risk of injury in the home (for under 5s and over 65s)
Marital Status	N/A
Sexual Orientation	N/A
Men & Women Generally	N/A
Disability	N/A
People with and without Dependants	N/A

Part 2. Screening questions

1 What is the likely impact on equality of opportunity for those affected by this activity/policy, for each of the Section 75 equality categories?

Section 75 Category	Details of likely impact – will it be positive or negative? If none anticipated, say none	Level of impact - major or minor* - see guidance below
Religious Belief	None	
Political Opinion		
Racial Group		
Age	Positive	Minor
Marital Status	None	
Sexual Orientation		
Men & Women Generally		
Disability		
People with and without Dependants		

* See Appendix 1 for details.

2(a) Are there opportunities to better promote equality of opportunity for people within the Section 75 equality categories? [

Section 75 Category	IF Yes, provide details	If No, provide details
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Religious Belief	No further opportunities identified in relation to this policy for any of these groups.
Political Opinion	
Racial Group	
Age	
Marital Status	
Sexual Orientation	
Men & Women Generally	
Disability	
People with and without Dependents	

Equality Action Plan 2021-2025

Does the activity/policy/project being screened relate to an action in the Equality Action Plan 2021-2025?

No

2(b) DDA Disability Duties (see Disability Action Plan 2021-2025)

Does this policy/activity present opportunities to contribute to the actions in our Disability Action Plan:

- to promote positive attitudes towards disabled people?
- to encourage the participation of disabled people in public life?

No

3. To what extent is the activity/policy/project likely to impact on good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion or racial group?

Good Relations Category	Details of likely impact. Will it be positive or negative? [if no specific impact identified, say none]	Level of impact – minor/major*
Religious Belief	None	
Political Opinion		
Racial Group		

*See Appendix 1 for details.

4. Are there opportunities to better promote good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion or racial group?

Good Relations Category	IF Yes, provide details	If No, provide details
Religious Belief		No, this is not considered relevant to this policy
Political Opinion		
Racial Group		

Multiple identity

Provide details of any data on the impact of the activity/policy/project on people with multiple identities. Specify relevant Section 75 categories concerned. No direct impact identified

Part 3. Screening decision/outcome

Equality and good relations screening is used to identify whether there is a need to carry out a **full equality impact assessment** on a proposed policy or project.

There are 3 possible outcomes:

- 1) **Screen out** - no need for a full equality impact assessment and no mitigations required because no relevance to equality, no negative impacts identified or only very minor positive impacts for all groups. This may be the case for a purely technical policy for example.
- 2) **Screen out with mitigation** - no need for a full equality impact assessment but some minor potential impacts or opportunities to better promote equality and/or good relations identified, so mitigations appropriate. Much of our activity will probably fall into this category.
- 3) **Screen in for full equality impact assessment** – potential for significant and/or potentially negative impact identified for one or more groups so proposal requires a more detailed impact assessment. [See Equality Commission guidance on justifying a screening decision.]

Choose only one of these and provide reasons for your decision and ensure evidence is noted/referenced for any decision reached.

Screening Decision/Outcome	Reasons/Evidence
Option 1 Screen out – no equality impact assessment and no mitigation required [go to Monitoring section]	Due to the positive effects of the agreement it has been screened out.
Option 2	

<p>Screen out with mitigation – some potential impacts identified but they can be addressed with appropriate mitigation or some opportunities to better promote equality and/or good relations identified [complete mitigation section below]</p>	
<p>Option 3 Screen in for a full Equality Impact Assessment (EQIA) [If option 3, complete timetabling and prioritising section below]</p>	

Mitigation (Only relevant to Option 2)

Can the activity/policy/project plan be amended or an alternative activity/policy introduced to better promote equality of opportunity and/or good relations?

If so, give the **reasons** to support your decision, together with the proposed changes/amendments or alternative activity/policy and ensure the mitigations are included in a revised/updated policy or plan.

Timetabling and prioritising for full EQIA (only relevant to Option 3) [if no equality impact assessment is to be carried out, can say Not applicable and go to Section 4 Monitoring.]

If the activity/policy has been ‘**screened in**’ for full equality impact assessment, give details of any factors to be considered and the next steps for progressing the EQIA, including a proposed timetable. N/A

Is the activity/policy affected by timetables established by other relevant public authorities? Yes, Ards and North Down and PHA.

Part 4. Monitoring

Two elements to monitoring:

- 1) Monitoring the activity generally as part of normal review and evaluation or service improvement**
- 2) monitoring by equality category.**

What will be monitored and how? What specific equality monitoring will be done?

LCCC undertakes 10% of monitoring of those who avail of the service. This is submitted to the PHA as part of the contract. This could perhaps be utilised to inform the data section for future screening and policy development.

Who will undertake and sign-off the monitoring of this activity/policy and on what frequency? Please give details: Environmental Health

Part 5 - Approval and authorisation

	Position/Job Title	Date
Screened by: Brona Turley	Env Health Manager	16/10/2024
Reviewed by: Annie Wilson	Equality Officer	29/10/2024
Approved by: Sally Courtney	EHREPSU HOS (Acting)	29/10/2024

Note: On completion of the screening exercise, a copy of the completed Screening Report should be:

- approved and ‘signed off’ by a senior manager responsible for the activity/policy
- included with Committee reports, as appropriate
- sent to the Equality Officer for the quarterly screening report to consultees, internal reporting and publishing on the LCCC website
- shared with relevant colleagues
- made available to the public on request.

Evidence and documents referenced in the screening report should also be available if requested.

Appendix 1 – Equality Commission guidance on equality impact

*Major impact:

- a) The policy/project is significant in terms of its strategic importance;
- b) Potential equality matters are unknown, because, for example, there is insufficient data upon which to make an assessment or because they are complex, and it would be appropriate to conduct an equality impact assessment in order to better assess them;

- c) Potential equality and/or good relations impacts are likely to be adverse or are likely to be experienced disproportionately by groups of people including those who are marginalised or disadvantaged;
- d) Further assessment offers a valuable way to examine the evidence and develop recommendations in respect of a policy about which there are concerns amongst affected individuals and representative groups, for example in respect of multiple identities;
- e) The policy is likely to be challenged by way of judicial review;
- f) The policy is significant in terms of expenditure.

Minor impact

- a) The policy is not unlawfully discriminatory and any residual potential impacts on people are judged to be negligible;
- b) The policy, or certain proposals within it, are potentially unlawfully discriminatory, but this possibility can readily and easily be eliminated by making appropriate changes to the policy or by adopting appropriate mitigating measures;
- c) Any asymmetrical equality impacts caused by the policy are intentional because they are specifically designed to promote equality of opportunity for particular groups of disadvantaged people;
- d) By amending the policy there are better opportunities to better promote equality of opportunity and/or good relations.

No impact (none)

- a) The policy has no relevance to equality of opportunity or good relations;
- b) The policy is purely technical in nature and will have no bearing in terms of its likely impact on equality of opportunity or good relations for people within the equality and good relations categories.

Updated Template @ Oct 2022